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BEAVER ARGUS.

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POETICAL.

FIRST GRIEF.

The following poem was written by James Hedderwick, a Scottish poet but little known in this country. We think it holds a sister could read these lines without a falter in the voice or tear in the eye.]

They tell me first and early love
Outlives all after dreams;
But the memory of the first great grief
To me more lasting seems.

The grief that makes our dawning youth
To memory ever clings;
And o'er the path of future years
A lengthened shadow flings.

Oh! of my mind recalls the hour
When to my father's home
Death came an uninvited guest
From his dwelling in the tomb.

I had not seen his face before—
I shuddered at the sight;
And I shudder yet to think upon
The anguish of that night.

A youthful brow and ruddy cheek
Became all cold and wan;
An eye grew dim in which the light
Of radiant fancy shone.

Cold was the cheek and cold the brow,
The eye was fixed and dim;
And there I mourned a brother dead,
Who would have died for him!

I know not if 'twas summer then;
I know not if 'twas spring;
But if the birds sang in the trees
I did not hear them sing.

If flowers came forth to deck the earth
Their bloom I did not see;
I looked upon one withered flower,
And none else bloomed for me.

A sad and silent time it was
Within the house of woe;
All eyes were dim and overcast,
And every voice was low.

And, from each cheek at intervals
The blood appeared to start,
As if recalled in sudden haste
To aid the sinking heart.

Softly we trod, as if afraid
To mar the sleeper's sleep,
And stole last looks of his sad face
For memory to keep.

With him the agony was o'er
And now the pain was ours,
As thoughts of his sweet childhood rose,
Like odor from dead flowers.

And when at last he was borne afar
From the world's weary strife,
How oft in thought did we again
Live o'er his little life.

His every look, his every word,
His very voice's tone,
Came back to us like things whose worth
Is only prized when gone!

The grief has passed with years away,
And joy has been my lot,
But one is long remembered,
And the other soon forgot.

Tho' gayest hours trip lightly by
And leave the faintest trace,
But the deep track that sorrow wears
No time can e'er efface.

Miscellaneous.

The Law of Homicides.

You may repel force by force in the defence of your person, habitation, or property, against any one who manifestly intends or endeavors by violence or surprise to commit a known felony; such as rape, robbery, arson, burglary, and the like. But to justify your killing a man, there must be actual danger; the bare fear of any of these offences, how well grounded, is not sufficient without some overt act. If, therefore, you kill a man who is merely lying in wait you will not be excused. You must not, in fact, make an attack upon others unless you can justify a full conviction, on your own mind, that if you do not do so your own life will be in more danger. In the course of sudden broil, you may protect your person by killing your assailant, provided you had no other probable or possible means of escaping from him. If you are walking along a dark lane, and are attacked by garroters, it is your duty to make your escape from them if you can; you should retreat as far as you conveniently bi safely can, before you turn upon them; and if you cannot retreat, or cannot yield a step, without manifest danger of your life, or enormous bodily harm, then you may shoot the villain at once. You may kill a garrotor while he is committing the offence, but you must not shoot him after the fray is over, or when he is running away, for that is revenge not self-defence. And you should bear in mind that you cannot kill a man for a crime unless it is accompanied by force or violence; you are not justified, for instance, in killing a man found in the act of picking your pocket. If a man break open your house at night (that is between nine p. m. and six a. m. of the following morning,) you may kill him; but if a man breaks open your house in the daytime, you must not kill him unless the offence is accompanied by robbery also, and it is not essential that actual felony is about to be committed to justify the killing. It is well to know these things.

Death of Presidents.

George Washington died at Mount Vernon on the 14th of December, 1799, in the 68th year of his age. Death came suddenly to him—so suddenly that the tidings of his sickness and his decease simultaneously reached the halls of Congress.

John Adams came to the end of living" at his residence in Quincy, Mass., on the 4th of July, 1826, realizing what day it was and rejoicing in it. He gradually and quietly expired at the patriarchal age of four score years and ten.

Thomas Jefferson, by an extraordinary coincidence, breathed his last at Monticello, on the same day that his venerable compatriot, Adams died—the jubilee of American Independence. He had reached the age of 83 years.

James Madison, "the man of the Constitution," and one of the wisest statesmen our country has produced, peacefully closed his earthly career at Montpelier, Va., on the 28th of June, 1836, in his 86th years.

James Monroe died in the city of New York, on the 4th of July, 1831, in his 80th year. He was a pure patriot, and the last of the Presidents who served in the eventful days of the Revolution—having been a Colonel in the Continental army. He particularly enjoyed the confidence of Washington, and the period of his wise and peaceful administration was characterized as "the era of good feeling."

John Quincy Adams expired in the capitol at Washington, on the 23d of February, 1848; literally dying in the service of his country, at the age of 81. To the last he was of the class of life's busy men; and identified as he had been from boyhood with the public service it was solemnly striking and appropriate that the halls of the national councils should hear his dying words. He was struck by paralysis while in his seat in the House of Representatives.

Andrew Jackson died at the Hermitage near Nashville, on the 8th of June, 1845, in his 79th year. He must have been a great man, indeed, who could cluster the affections of a whole people around him as this distinguished patriot and soldier did. His popularity had no parallel but that of Washington.

Martin Van Buren died at his birthplace, Kinderhook, Columbia county, N. Y., on the 24th of July, 1862, in his 80th year. His administration, from 1837 to 1841, was a period marked by great financial distress throughout the country, which was charged by his political opponents upon the policy he pursued in managing the public finances through the agency of the independent treasury. He failed of re-nomination for a second term however, on account of his opposition to the annexation of Texas.

William Henry Harrison died on the 4th of April, 1841, exactly one month after his inauguration, aged 68. He was the first President who died in office and in the Executive mansion. He had gained a deep hold upon the people's heart, and no one living at the time can ever forget the profound and universal expressions of sympathy and sorrow which his death occasioned.

John Tyler, elected Vice President, and who succeeded Gen Harrison for the remainder of his term, renounced his allegiance to the United States in 1861, and died the following year in Richmond, Va., in his 72d year; being at the time a Senator from Virginia in the Confederate Congress, then in session at Richmond.

James Knox Polk died at his home in Tennessee, on the 15th of June, 1849, only three months after the expiration of his term of office, and in his 54th year. He was a man of unquestionable integrity and talent, and achieved the highest honor his country could bestow at a much earlier age than any of his predecessors.

Zachary Taylor's death, on the 9th of July, 1850, when he had been but sixteen months in office, called forth the deepest expressions of a nation's grief, and everywhere the full heart of the people was touched beyond what inadequate words can utter.—He died at the Presidential mansion in his 69th year.

Abraham Lincoln's death, on the 14th of April, 1865, (one month and ten days after his second inauguration) was one that shocked the country beyond anything that ever occurred in its history, and sent a thrill of horror throughout the world. All his predecessors had descended to the tomb in the ordinary course of nature, but it was reserved for him to fall by the foul hand of an assassin. His character and administration are too fresh in public recollection to need any comment. He died in his 57th year.

Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, Jackson and Lincoln were the only Presidents twice chosen to the high office.

The present Chief Magistrate of the United States is the 17th in succession. Of the sixteen former ones, but three now survive—Millard Fillmore, Franklin Pierce and James Buchanan.

A STATEMENT of the amount of prize money distributed for naval captures made during the war shows that the sum paid to Rear Admiral Lee amounts to a little less than $100,000, while other rear admirals have been paid from $38,000 to $60,000, and one captain on the list has received the handsome sum of $4,518, and a commander $53,000.

The Resources of Our Country.

Natural history informs us that the dying notes of the swan are always its sweetest and strongest. As that pure and beautiful bird makes its final sweep on its wanted, water, curving its arching neck in its noblest effort, it pours forth its choicest strains of melody and dies.

It is often thus with the best endeavors of man. Hence, we, as Americans, love to call to mind the farewell address of Washington. The great and good man had done many great and good things for our country. All his eminent services for America, in the field and in the State, had endeared him to the hearts of his countrymen and to all the lovers of liberty throughout the civilized world.—But there is something in those parting words of counsel that comes home with peculiar force and significance to the bosom of every true American. We can never forget them. Their influence has been felt in America ever since their utterance, and will continue to be felt for all generations.

It is a remarkable circumstance in our history that the last public appeal of Lincoln was made with reference to the development of the resources of the United States. Surrounded, as he knew himself to be, by imminent dangers, aware that at any unforseen moment he might be called to lay down his life for his country, his last words in this regard possess an extraordinary interest and paramount importance. Lincoln loved his country as few men have ever loved it, and when he had been carried along as one of the chief exponents of her destiny to that period when the wicked attempt of slavery to destroy the nation was effectually put down, his whole heart turned, with all its fondness and with all its strength, to the noble and patriotic purpose of preparing to meet the enhanced liabilities of the nation.—He fixed his patriotic eye on the nation's resources, and firmly resolved that he would do all that was lawfully in his power to bring them out and apply them severally to the gradual and certain liquidation of the nation's debt. In a parting interview with Speaker Colfax, just before that gentleman left Washington on a tour of personal inspection of the Western mines, and just before his own sudden death, he said:—

Mr. Colfax, I want you to take a message from me to the miners of the West. I have very far from believe it practically inexhaustible. We shall prove, in a very few years, that we are indeed the *treasury of the world*."

These are the wise words of counsel uttered by a departed patriot.—They are especially applicable and instructive at the present moment.—All eyes are again being turned to Washington; not to hear news from the War and Navy Departments; not to receive telegrams from Congress as to new measures for the overthrow of a gigantic revolt against the very existence of the nation. Those hours of peril and sacrifice are passed; we have good reason to believe passed forever. But we look to Washington now, that the measure so patriotically plead for by the martyr Lincoln may neither be forgotten nor overlooked. It is, however, for the people to bear in mind that the development of their own resources is in their own hands. The Government of the United States is but the servant of the people; and in this respect, as in every other, the people should remember that the servant is not above his master. If the country does not show its interest in developing its own resources, it cannot expect its Government will show any. It is beyond dispute that the quartz ledges of Nevada are richer than those of Ural, and more enduring in the riches than those of Ophir. In one of his messages to Congress President Lincoln says:—"It is believed that the product of the mines of precious metals in that region has, during the year 1863, reached if not exceeded, *one hundred millions of dollars*."

In these mountains lie at this moment abundant means for more than paying, in a few years, every dollar of our national debt. Will the people go to work and bring them out?—*Philadelphia Inquirer*.

FRANKLIN AND HIS GIG.—It is now more than a century since Benjamin Franklin, Postmaster General of the American Colonies, by appointment of the Crown, set out in his old gig to make an official inspection of the principal routes. It is about ninety years since he held the same office under the authority of Congress, when a small folio (still preserved in the department at Washington,) containing but three quires of paper, lasted as his account book for two years.—If a Postmaster General now were to undertake to pass over all the established routes, it would require six years of incessant railroad travel at the rate of 125 miles daily, while if he were to undertake the job in an "old gig," he would require a life time for its performance. Instead of a small folio, with its three quires of paper, the post office accounts consume every two years 3,000 of the largest sized legers, keeping upwards of a hundred clerks constantly employed in recording transactions with more than 30,000 contractors and other persons.

Truth Stranger than Fiction.

The past history of the families of Louis Napoleon, and the Sultan of Turkey is full of interesting and marvellous incidents, some of which are probably not generally known.

These two monarchs, a few years ago, so cordially united in the struggle to maintain the integrity of the Ottoman Empire, are both descendants of American ladies, the one a grandson and the other a great grandson. The ladies were born in the same neighborhood, on the island of Martinique, one of the West Indies. They were of French origin and companions and intimate friends in childhood and youth. They were Josephine de Tascher and Miss ——. The history of Josephine is generally known. She went to France and was married to M. de Beauharnais, by whom she had one son, Eugene, and a daughter, Hortense. Some time after the death of Beauharnais Josephine was married to Napoleon Bonaparte, and became Empress of France. Her daughter, Hortense, was married to Louis Bonaparte, then King of Holland; and the present Emperor of France is her son by this marriage.

But now for the romance of the affair. Josephine's bottom friend quitted the island of Martinique some time before she did. But the vessel that was carrying her to France was attacked and taken by Algerine corsairs, and the crew and passengers made prisoners, but the fair ship was in turn attacked and pillaged by Turkish pirates, and Miss S. was carried by them to Constantinople and offered for sale as a slave. Her extraordinary beauty and accomplishments found her a purchaser in the Sultan himself, and she soon became the chief lady in his seraglio, and Sultana of Turkey. Mahmoud II was her son; Abdul Medjid was the son of Mahmoud, and the present Sultan, Abdul Aaz Kahn, is the grandson of Mahmoud.

Thus the two sovereigns, who occupy so large a space in the world's eye, are descended from two American Creole girls, who were playmates in their youth, and as remarkable for their beauty and excellent dispositions as for their varied and singular fortunes. Both these women, in the height of their power, remembered the friends of their youth, and provided munificently for their welfare. Many of the relatives of the Sultaness left the island of Martinique and settled in Constantinople and enjoyed the favor of the Sultan.

The Sultaness died in 1811, the Empress Josephine in 1814.

WHAT A RUM-SELLER CONTRIBUTES TO SOCIETY.—We find the following in an exchange, without any indication to its origin. It presents the business of the liquor dealer in striking contrast with trades which are useful and honorable:

Every individual in society is expected to contribute something to his advancement and interest. We remember to have read, years ago, of a company of tradesmen who had united themselves together in a mutual benefit society, and each one to relate what he could contribute to its support.

First the blacksmith came forward and said: "Gentlemen, I wish to become a member of your association."

"Well, what can you do?"

"Oh, I can iron your carriages, shoe your horses, and make all kinds of implements."

"Very well, come in, Mr. Blacksmith."

The mason applied for admission into the society.

"And what can you do, sir?"

"I can build your barns and houses, stables and bridges."

"Very well, come in; we cannot do without you."

Along comes the shoemaker, and says: "I wish to become a member of your society."

"Well what can you do?"

"I can made boots and shoes for you."

"Come in, Mr. Shoemaker, we must have you."

In turn all the different trades and professions applied; lastly an individual came in who wanted to become a member.

"And what are you?"

"I am a rum-seller."

"A rum-seller! And what can you do?"

"I can build jails, and prisons, and poor-houses."

"And is that all?"

"No, I can fill them; I can fill your jails with criminals, your prisons with convicts, and your poor-houses with paupers."

"And what else can you do?"

"I can bring the gray hairs of the aged to the grave with sorrow; I can break the heart of the wife, and blast the prospects of the friends of talent, and fill the land with more than the ten plagues of Egypt."

"Is that all you can do?"

"Good heavens!" cried the rum-seller; "is not that enough?"

GENERAL SHERIDAN, in reply to a letter in the New York *News* from General Early, contradicting the United States official reports of the rebel forces and losses in the Shenandoah valley, published a letter in the New Orleans *Crescent*, showing that he captured as prisoners more men than Early states to have been his entire force.

Cause of Failure.

We seldom look clear through a man's career. We seldom follow him in his course from beginning to end. We seldom commence at the point where he began to let down conscience and trace its decline through its various stages till his character is undermined. Why, two-thirds of the men that break down are not crushed by pressure. There is a pressure that will break almost any timber. Oak will bear so many tons, ash so many, and hickory so many; but take a piece of timber that has been eaten out by dry rot, or worms, and put pressure upon it, and the moment it is called to bear a pressure of twenty-five lbs. it snaps. And in many cases where men break down, the reason why they break down is that they are worm-eaten. There are thousands of men that are deceived in bargains who would not be if they had the head that honesty and morality gives. There are thousands of men that place their trust on things that are not to be relied upon, and that are continually stumbling, who would do well enough if they were conscientious and upright. Some are weak-minded, some are short sighted, some go into business for which they are not adapted; some undertake more than they have the capacity to do, and there are many failures from these causes; but I declare to you that there are more failures among men from moral delinquencies, from ten thousand little flaws that take away the stamina, the robustness of character and the soundness of judgment, which are indispensible to success. And it is very desirable that young men should know these things.—*H. W. Beecher*.

FEMALE SOCIETY.—It is better for you to pass an evening once or twice a week in a lady's drawing room, even though the conversation is slow and you know the girl's song by heart than in a club tavern, or the pit of a theatre. All amusements of youth to which virtuous women are not admitted rely on it, are deleterious in their nature. All men who avoid female society have dull preceptions and are stupid, or have gross tastes and revolt against what is pure.—Your club swaggerers, who are sucking the butts of billiard cues all night, call female society insipid. Poetry is uninspiring to a yokel; beauty has no charms for a blind man; music does not charm a true epicure is hardly ever tired of water, saucey, and brown bread and butter, I protest I can sit for a whole night talking to a well regulated, kindly woman about her girl Fanny or her boy Frank, and like the evening's entertainment. One of the greatest benefits a man derives from woman's is that he is bound to be respectful. The habit is of great good to your moral man, depend upon it.—Our education makes of us the most eminently selfish men in the world.—We fight for ourselves, we push for ourselves, we light our pipes, and say we won't go out; we prefer ourselves and our ease, and the greatest good that comes to a man from a woman's society is, that he has to think of somebody to whom he is bound to be constantly attentive and respectful.

IMPROVED BRICK MACHINE.—A gentleman of Cincinnati has finished and secured a patent for an improved brick making machine. The clay is taken from the ground by means of elevating cups attached to India rubber belts, and is emptied into two large wooden tanks at the top of the machine where it is ground and tempered by means of steam, which is let in through small apertures in the cylinder. It then passes into moulds on the large cylinders, where, after receiving a pressure estimated at eight tons, the bricks drop out into an India-rubber belting, and are carried away to dry and be burnt. The large cylinders make twenty-five revolutions a minute, at each one discharge eight bricks, or two hundred per minute. The capacity of the machine it will be seen, is twelve thousand per hour, or one hundred and twenty thousand per day of ten hours' work. The brick, on leaving the mould, require very little drying, from the fact that the immense pressure put upon them drives almost the entire moisture out.

SCENE IN A PRINTING OFFICE.—A patron of a village newspaper once said to a publisher:

"Mr. Printer, how is it that you have never called on me for the pay for your paper?"

"Oh," said the man of types, "we never ask a gentleman for money."

"Indeed," replied his patron, "then how do you manage to get along when they don't pay?"

"Why," said the editor, "after a certain length of time we conclude that a man who fails to pay for his paper is not a gentleman, and then we ask him!"

"Oh, ah, yes! I see Mr. Printer; please give me a receipt (hands him two dollars) and please make my name all right on your books."

IT is said that Governor Pierpont, of Virginia, intends to resign on account of difficulties with the Legislature.

THE higher an ass holds his head, the plainer we see his ears.

AN ARMY OF GENERALS.—One hundred and twenty-two generals have been honorably mustered out of the service of the United States by an order of the War Department. Such a figure may serve to give an idea of the mighty host commanded by these officers in the great war through which we have passed. There are still generals enough in the service to command a clever army, and to do a considerable amount of fighting if it be necessary.

GOLD IN LANCASTER COUNTY.—The Elizabethtown *Trumpet* says:

"We have been informed that certain parties have leased the farm of John Good, Sr., in West Donegal township, about three miles from this place, for the purpose of digging for gold. Small quantities of the precious metal have already been found, and there is every prospect of a yield of the yellow stuff."

THAT was a beautiful idea in the mind of a little girl who on beholding a rosebush where on the topmost stem the oldest rose was fading, whilst below and around it three beautiful crimson buds were just unfolding their charms, at once and artlessly exclaimed to her brother: "See, Willie, these little buds have just awakened in time to kiss their mother before she dies."

A PHYSICIAN, who is truly a pious man, was speaking in a prayer meeting recently, of impressing the idea of salvation upon those near death, and of a physician's opportunities in this way, and made use of the following language: "For my own part, I am never called upon to see a patient without feeling delighted to learn that he is prepared to die."

TWO YOUNG MEN.—Two young men commenced the sail-making business at Philadelphia. They bought a lot of duck from Stephen Girard on credit, and a friend had engaged to endorse for them. Each caught a roll and was carrying it off, when Girard remarked,

"Had you not better get a dray?"

"No, it is not far, and we can carry it ourselves."

"Tell your friend he needn't endorse your note. I'll take it without."

Railroad was attacked at Lee's Summit, 22 miles east of Kansas City, recently, by bushwhackers, because the locomotive carried the national flag. Failing in this instance, they have subsequently vented their spite upon other trains, to the great annoyance of passengers.

A YOUNG MAN named Garrett was stabbed by young Dalton Yancey, son of the notorious Wm. L. Yancey, a short time since, at a dancing academy in Montgomery, Alabama. Garrett has since died. Yancey has delivered himself to the civil authorities. The difficulty was of a private nature.

A CIVIL court in Houston, Texas, recently fined a restaurant keeper fifty dollars and bound him over in one thousand dollars, for flogging a negro waiter. The judge, in passing sentence, said he could make no distinction on account of color, and that all must now be treated alike before the law.

HERE is the pithiest sermon ever preached: "Our ingress to life is naked and bare; our progress through this life is trouble and care; our egress out of it we know not where; but doing well here we shall do well there; I could not tell more by preaching a year."

THE Washington Literary Society of Washington College, Lexington, the oldest college in Virginia, is lamenting the loss of letter from Gen. Washington to the trustees of the college, taken away during the war and never returned.

MILTON was asked: "How is it that in some countries a king is allowed to take his place on the throne at fourteen years of age, but may not marry until he is eighteen?" "Because," said the poet, "it is easier to govern a kingdom than a woman."

GEN. BARNES, who won his star by his bravery in twenty pitched battles and sieges, has worked as a journeyman printer since his return in Boston. Recently, however, he has been given a place in the Boston custom-house.

IT is estimated that two million dollars will be required to re-establish the light houses on the southern coast destroyed by the Confederate forces during the war.

FOUR millions of bricks are required for the new Galt House, at Louisville, Kentucky, and these will not equal the number its guests will carry off in their hats in the course of a few years.

THE Springfield Republican says that in the winter of 1855 there were eight carrier boys employed to distribute that paper in Springfield.—Three of these boys are now cashiers of banks in or near Springfield.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of $1 per square, (ten lines) for three insertions and 50 cents for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A specimen of the Argus and its type may be seen at this office.

Special notices 25 per cent. above regular rates.

Business cards, $5 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

Farm, House, &c.

WINTER FARM WORK.—The good farmer's work is never done; that is, he can always find profitable employment, no matter what the season may be or whether the sun shines or storms beat.

The barn should be kept warm in every respect—so that the cattle may lie upon clean litter, and breathe pure air. See that no cracks let in a stream of cold air directly upon a cow or an ox while it is tied up and cannot get away from it.

The cellar should be so tight as to prevent cold drafts from coming up under the stock as it is lying down at night, and also to prevent manure from freezing, so that it may be overhauled or carted out during the winter.

Give the horses a few carrots at noon, and they will soon show you a sleek coat. Cover them with blankets for an hour or two when they return from work in a sweat.

Let the hogs and store pigs have warm and dry sleeping rooms, if you mean to find a profit in them.

Feed the poultry with a variety of food; boiled potatoes mashed and mixed with cob meal, corn, oats, barley, scraps or bits of fresh meat, gravel, or pounded oyster or clam shells; these, with a warm, sunny shelter will please them so highly that they will yield you an abundance of excellent eggs.

Feed out the roots daily to all the stock; to milk cows immediately after being milked in the morning; to young cattle, dry cows, horses and sheep, whenever it is convenient. But if you have no roots, make up your mind that you will have them next year to.

Those of you who are blessed with a plenty of wood, and can enjoy the luxury of a good, cheerful wood fire, gleaming upon your hearth and throwing its ruddy light into the glad faces of your healthy and happy children, will need no suggestion of ours, perhaps, to prepare it in season, and never to make the wife anxious and unhappy by attempting to burn it in an unseasoned state.—*New Eng. Farmer*.

A NEW WAY TO MAKE BUTTER.—A Berlin paper gives an account of a new way of preparing butter, which is simple and we think will succeed. The cream is put into a coco nut bag, and buried in the ground to the depth of about a foot and a half. At the end of twenty four hours it is taken out, and found to be quite firm.—It is then only necessary to beat it up with a glass of water to get rid of the buttermilk. To prevent any admixture of earth it is better to enclose the first bag in a second. A very large quantity of cream requires a rather longer time. This method is said never to fail, and the butter to be of a particularly fine quality.

WEEVIL IN BARNS.—A correspondent of the Ohio Farmer says: "I have been plagued with weevil more or less, for fifteen years, in my grain bins, and have tried every remedy I could hear of—lime, whitewash, elderberries, etc., but all to no purpose, so I determined to try something else.—In July, 1864, my barn being empty of grain, but occupied by millions of weevils, I took a bucketful of salt and sowed in the barn as a farmer would sow grain broadcast, about the granaries, mows, and every nook and corner which had had grain in it.—Ever since threshing time last year, I have had grain in the barn, but not one weevil has been seen."

A NEW FOWL.—A barn yard fowl has been introduced into Scotland from Central India, called the "Begum Gauyea," a cut of which is given in the *American Agriculturist*. The male is thirty inches high, and appears like the Shanghae, except that on the head two minute horns rise, instead of a comb, from a heavy base which projects some distance along the upper side of the bill. The wattles are also larger and fuller. The chickens of this kind of fowl, it is reported, grow to the weight of eight pounds at seven and eight months old, limbs, of course, included.

REMEDY FOR HOG-CHOLERA.—Take a peck of ashes, four pounds of salt, one of black antimony, seven pounds of copperas, one pound of sulphur, one-fourth pound saltpetre. Pound the ingredients fine, and mix well together, and keep it constantly in a trough by itself. If the hogs get low, pour down them, or induce them in such cases to drink, in slops one gill of the coal oil per day, until they die or recover, or take of copperas one spoonful, dissolve in warm water and pour down them.

THE HOOF OF A GOOD COW.—A correspondent says: "For a good dairy cow, choose one with a striped hoof; she will never fail. A cow with dark hoofs may be good for a large quantity of milk, but it will not be rich. For a medium cow choose one with part of the hoof striped, or any other color except dark."

A strange disease has broken out among the poultry in Ohio. The chicken's comb and gills turn black, it gapes, sneezes and falls dead in a few minutes.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

P. S. RUTAN ..... J. L. ANDERSON.

J. S. RUTAN & Co.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

JANUARY 24th, 1866.

Union State Convention.

A State Convention will held in the Hall of the House of Representatives, in Harrisburg, Pa., on Wednesday the seventh day of March, A D. 1866, at 12 o'clock, m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor, to be supported by the friends of the Union.

The ordeal of war has tried the strength of our Government. Its fire has purified the nation. The defence of the nation's life has demonstrated who were its friends. The principles vindicated in the field must be preserved in the councils of the nation. The arch enemy of freedom must be struck once more. All the friends of our Government, and all who were loyal to the cause of the Union, in our late struggle, are earnestly requested to unite in sending delegates to represent them in said Convention.

By order of the Union State Central Committee.

JOHN CESSNA, Chairman.

Attest:
GEO. W. HAMERSLEY, } Sec's.
A. W. BENEDICT, }

ODELL's griefs are multiplying. His eyes are again becoming a fountain of tears owing to the waywardness of our Representative, his best beloved. That gentleman has wilfully and maliciously, and by the instigation of the devil, gone counter to the whims of Odell in the matter of the new Judicial District, and Odell wails on that. He has likewise, as Odell avers, and doubtless by the same instigation, followed out Odell's suggestion in the matter of the exemption of soldiers from the bounty tax, and Odell abuses him for that. It is difficult to satisfy Odell. The world uses him but ill.—He doubtless many times amid its varied encounters prays for the wings of a dove, that he may fly away and be at rest. We have a high respect for Odell. We wish to relieve him from his encompassing woes, and tender him a handkerchief to dry up his tears. In the present matter of the trouble between Odell and Quay, Odell misunderstands Quay, and Quay misunderstands Odell. It is our grateful duty to right the wrong, and make each of them to understand this misunderstanding, that they may rest again in that fraternal embrace which is their wont. In the Judicial District matter Odell was muddy in his wits—not over clear-headed. Odell announced his opposition with such a vent of inexplicable phrases and arguments that our Representative became bewildered, and at the critical moment voted the wrong way and the bill passed. We know Mr. Quay esteems Odell as highly as do we ourselves, which is muchly, and therefore that the evil is not beyond remedy. Let Odell set Quay right as to his wishes. Let him but intimate that he desires that Gilmore shall lord it again over deluded Washington, and he will doubtless find him compliant, and this most evil and obnoxious enactment will be repealed, and Odell may wipe one eye dry. In the matter of the exemption bill, our Representative behaved badly. We know that Odell displayed the slightest possible amount of mendacity concerning this matter last summer, but Quay forgot that. Odell forgot to mention that on the final passage of the bounty bill of which he complained, the yeas were 29 Republicans and 21 Democrats and the nays were 22 Republicans and 9 Democrats, and that Quay was among the latter. He omitted to say that Mr. Negley, a Republican member, offered the following amendment: "That the property of all soldiers known as returned veterans, having been in the service two years or more, and the property of all soldiers now in the service, shall be exempt from all taxation for payment of bounties to volunteers," and that Quay voted for, while the Democrats voted unanimously against it. But Mr. Quay should have charged this to the treacherous memory of Odell, and not to a desire on his part to wilfully pervert the truth. Therefore Quay was wrong when he wilfully and maliciously, and by the instigation aforesaid, outrid Odell's wishes in this regard. But he allowed his zeal to please Odell to outrun his respect for him when he obeyed his suggestion, and gratified his wishes three days before he published them. We were just going to telegraph Mr. Quay that Odell insisted the bill should pass, and it must therefore go through at once, when we learned that that perverse and unaccountable individual had passed it a day or two before. For this rashness and haste we apologise for Mr. Quay. Let Odell wipe his other eye. Therefore let our man of many griefs assuage his sorrows, for they were unintentionally and unavoidably occasioned; let our copper-headed friend of the soldier wail no longer, for the soldier is cared for, rashly and hastily perhaps, but wisely and well. We call Odell's attention to the fact that the exemption applies only to soldiers honorably discharged from the service.

THE BILL creating a new Judicial District, composed of the counties of Beaver and Washington, passed both Houses last week, and will doubtless be signed by the Governor. We favored the measure, and are glad of its passage. The question now is who shall be the Judge of this District.—In this county the members of the bar have asked the appointment of Hon. B. B. Chamberlin, of New Brighton, a gentleman well known to all our readers. During the pendency of the question we were wholly in the dark as to who would be presented, and we must say for Mr. Chamberlin that he neither solicited the support nor intimated a desire for the appointment, so far as we can learn, to any member of the bar, and neither did he do anything to secure the passage of the bill. His conduct throughout was dignified and becoming, and is, in this matter, characteristic of the man. He is an educated, refined, high-toned gentleman, and is always found acting the part that reflects credit upon a professional man of his standing. He is universally admitted to be a very fine lawyer, well read in all its branches. Years ago the recognized leader of the bar said to the writer that Chamberlin was the best read and best informed man at the Beaver Bar. We believe the remark to be literally true. Not only in law but in literature and science Mr. Chamberlin is justly admitted to be more proficient than most of the leading lawyers of the State. His character is above reproach. He is always found on the side of morality and justice; always actuated by noble impulses, always independent in his adherence to principle and duty as he understands it. To his friends, his party, his country, he has ever been faithful, devoted, self-sacrificing.—That his friends should urge his appointment is both natural and proper. Should he be appointed we give our guaranty in advance that he will labor to discharge the duties of his office with an energy, industry and a singleness of purpose, an honesty and devotion to justice that very few men bring to that high office.

—Since the above was written we learn that A. W. Acheson, Esq., of Washington county, is also urged by sition. We know Mr. Acheson, and can say of him that he is one of the ablest lawyers and best men in Western Pennsylvania, and eminently worthy of any trust that may be imposed upon him. While there is an honorable rivalry between the friends of these gentlemen for the appointment, each must accord to the other all we have said of them. Want of time and space forbid us from referring at greater length to this matter.

No State Tax on Real Estate.

A resolution has been introduced into the Legislature at Harrisburg, to repeal or suspend the collection of the State tax on Real estate, which we are assured will pass both Houses and will become a law. It is gratifying to know the finances of the State will warrant this, and shows that the Union party is deserving of the support it has received, and worthy of the trust reposed by the people of Pennsylvania. We are further assured that, notwithstanding the repeal of the three mill tax on Real Estate, the revenue will be sufficient to meet all the expenses of the State Government and leave a large balance every year to be applied to paying our State debt. Corporations that have grown rich during the war have to pay the State tax, and certainly every tax payer will say amen! We can now inform our neighbor up street, that the additional expense of a new District, about which so much ado was made, does not effect our tax payers, but comes off corporations that count their gains by thousands. Is our neighbor still oppressed in view of additional taxation? After all, are not the finances of the State better managed, and the people freer from the burdens of taxation for State purposes, and the revenue law as it will be amended the most equitable and wise ever devised? We would like our Democratic friends to be frank for once and admit what they know to be true. In this State at least, Republican rule has been beneficial.

GOVERNOR CURTIN having returned, it is gratifying to learn that his health has marvelously improved by reason of his trip to Cuba, and it is regretted that the imperative demands of official duty have compelled him to return home before entirely recovering his health.

GUBERNATORIAL.—Hon. John Cessna carried a decided majority of the delegates and of the popular vote in Bedford county for Governor, on Friday last.

THE resolution offered by Col. Quay exempting the property of soldiers from taxation for bounty purposes, has passed the House, and will doubtless pass the Senate. It is eminently right and proper that such a law should be passed. The petitions of soldiers to the Legislature for its passage sets forth that in Democratic counties and districts the old law was rigidly adhered to, and no matter what the circumstances were no soldier was exempted unless coming fully within the act. It is no wonder soldiers object to paying a tax for bounties that protected young copperheads from having to do what their loyal associates did voluntarily. As we state elsewhere, Mr. Quay favored and voted for this bill last winter, but it was defeated by the Democrats, aided by a few Union members, who were influenced by local interests. We are glad he took advantage of his position as leader of the House to hasten the passage of the measure. There will be a suppressed howl among the Democrats. The *Local* attempts to conceal its rage by pretending to favor the bill. When we find the *Local* opposed to its friends, we conclude naturally what it professes is only for effect.

CONGRESS.—In the Senate, on Saturday, bills were introduced and referred, forbidding any agent collecting a claim for bounty or pay of any soldier, to charge a fee exceeding $10, on penalty of fine and imprisonment; and to pay certain officers of colored troops for services between their appointment and muster-in. Mr. Sumner presented a petition from citizens of the District for equal laws. Mr. Doolittle presented the credentials of William Marvin, claiming to represent the State of Florida, and pronounced a eulogy upon him. Mr. Sumner replied by showing that Florida is still disloyal, and the credentials of Mr. Marvin were laid on the table. The bill to enlarge the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau was debated by Messrs. Hendricks, Trumbull and Saulsbury. The amendment limiting the titles of the freedmen under Gen. Sherman's order to three years, was adopted, and the Senate adjourned.

In the House, a communication was received from the Secretary of the Treasury concerning the decrease of our mercantile marine. Bills were introduced regulating Postmaster's salaries, securing certain privileges under treaty to African citizens, and to prevent smuggling; and a bill paying C. F. Anderson 75 000 for services on the Capitol extension was passed. Resolutions were adopted to inquire into the expediency of exempting flat-boats not common carriers, or instructing the Committee on Indian Affairs to regulate the payment of annuities to the Miamis; inquiring of the Secretary of the Treasury what apportionment of currency has been made to the several States; calling on the Secretary of War for correspondence concerning captured cannon; and inquiring as to the expediency of repealing certain stamp duties. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, and took up the Naval Appropriation bill. An item of $105,000 for the purchase of Seavey's Island, to enlarge the Portsmouth, N. H., Navy-Yard, was discussed at length, and finally struck out by 67 to 40. Mr. Rice remarked that the Naval Committee had cut down the Secretary's estimates $5,000,000, and that an amendment was pending to save $800,000 more. The House then took up the President's Message, which was debated by Messrs. Deming and Smith, after which the Committee rose and the House adjourned.

JUSTICE TO THE DEFENDERS OF THE GOVERNMENT AND PRESERVERS OF THE UNION.—Hon. M. S. Quay, of Beaver county, says the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, has introduced a bill in the House, which provides for an act of justice to the defenders of the Government that cannot fail to command the support of every just man in the Commonwealth. Its plain terms, it provides for exempting every officer and private honorably mustered out of the service of the United States, since September 1st, 1861, from payment of taxes levied to liquidate debts incurred by the payment of military bounties. The money borrowed to pay bounties, was disbursed to save entire communities from the draft. Those who were exempt from service in the army by filling up the quotas of entire districts by the payment of bounties, are the parties responsible for the debt thus incurred. These parties have reaped the benefit of the bounty system. They were enabled to remain at home, safely in the pursuit of their business. It would be doing violence to equity to ask the soldiers who received these rewards, to pay any portion of the taxes to meet the debt incurred by the payment of these bounties. That taxation can only justly be paid by those for whose benefit bounties were offered to volunteers—Hence, we repeat the hope that Mr. Quay's bill may speedily become a law. Its provisions are strictly just and honorable, and while the bill seeks to do an equitable act for the soldiers, we may also claim that it proposes to save the people of the Commonwealth from disgrace.

THE Paris correspondent of the Newark *Advertiser* writes: "I understand that the Emperor took the opportunity of a diplomatic dinner, given in honor of the King of Portugal, and at which Mr. Bigelow was present, to express his satisfaction at the message of President Johnson."

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburg Commercial.

The Senate only was in session today an hour and half. Although there was a full attendance, there did not seem to be any disposition to do business. The bill to enlarge the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau has been nearly perfected, and a vote on the bill is expected on Monday. Gen. Howard was present on the floor of the Senate, and manifested considerable interest in the success of the measure.

The Senate passed the invalid pension appropriation bill, containing an appropriation of nineteen millions of dollars. The Senate added two millions and a half to the bill, and it therefore goes back to the House for approval.

The published statement to day that Mr. Raymond has entered a motion to reconsider the vote by which the House passed the negro suffrage bills is without foundation, and besides, it is now too late, the bill having been sent to the Senate, and duly referred to the appropriate committee in that body.

Senator Howard will on Monday endeavor to press to a vote his resolution declaring that the Government ought to forthwith try Jefferson Davis by court martial. It is not believed that it can pass the Senate.

Colonel Osborne, of the Freedmen's Bureau in Florida, has just submitted a plan for colonizing the freedmen in that State. He suggests a purchase of land from the State by Congress, equal to six hundred townships, for that purpose. General Howard has the subject under consideration.

The reconstruction Committee held a session to-day, and took evidence of persons who have traveled through the South as to the condition of things there. Nothing has yet been done with the credentials of the Tennessee or any other delegation.

The President was as usual overwhelming with visitors to-day, among whom were Senators Guthrie, Wade and Henderson, and Speaker Colfax.

The Ways and Means Committee will soon take up the proposition to modify the income tax, or provide some substitute for it altogether.

The total internal revenue returns for the week are four millions of dollars.

REORGANIZATION OF THE REGULAR ARMY.—An elaborate plan, for the organization of the regular army, drafted by Brigadier General James S. Brisbin, has been placed in the hands of members of Congress. It is for an army of 160,000 men, makes regiments ten companies strong, drops two Majors in the cavalry, and gives two Second Lieutenants to a company. It increases the grades of the army, and provides for the appointment of one General-in-Chief, three Generals, sixteen Major Generals and thirty-two Brigadier Generals. Also, for a field staff and a department staff. One-half according to seniority and one-half according to merit, to be determined by boards of examiners. It requires an officer to serve two years in the line before entering the staff of the army, and makes West Point a staff school. Any one who can pass the necessary examination may enter the army as Second Lieutenant. The plan exempts officers' salaries from taxation, and allows officers to be retired after twenty-five years service, and gives them right to hold civil office while in retirement. It incorporates the old regular army as a part of the new army, and prescribes rules for uniform, leaves of absence, furloughs and court martials.

A bill of twenty sections has been prepared comprising the plan proposed, and an elaborate document in pamphlet form accompanies it.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—The House of Representatives, on the 18th inst, took a long step toward placing this Government irrevocably on the side of Equal Rights for all men. Refusing by repeated votes to postpone the subject, they refused also to recommit it to the Judiciary Committee, and then, by a vote of 116 to 54, passed the following bill:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That from all laws and parts of laws, and prescribing the qualifications of electors for any office in the District of Columbia, the word "white" be and the same is hereby stricken out, and that from and after the passage of this act no person shall be disqualified from voting at any election held in the said district on account of color.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all acts of Congress, and all laws of the State of Maryland in force in said District, and all ordinances of Washington and Georgetown inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed and annulled.

MEXICAN MATTERS.—Information has been received at Washington to the effect that on December 9th, Juarez, with 25 men, fled from Chihuahua, previously levying ten thousand dollars on the town. The Imperialist forces entered the place without resistance. There seems to be no doubt that by the last steamer from Europe the State Department received positive assurance from Paris that the French troops in Mexico will be withdrawn within a stated and early period.

ONE gratifying feature of all the reconstruction plans proposed in Congress is that each provides for the repudiation of the rebel war debt, and the full payment of the debt incurred by the Government to put down rebellion. It seems to be the sense of all patriotic men that our national debt shall be paid, principal and interest, to the last farthing.

THE FALL IN GOOD.—Gold is moving almost as energetically as the mercury in our thermometers. Its tendencies are likewise emphatically downward. The marked improvement in the credit of the country, the probability of an early funding of the floating obligations of the government, and the prospect of heavy shipments of domestic produce, chiefly cotton, in the course of the next sixty or ninety days, serve to accelerate the declension of the speculator star of times not remote. Thus far the decline has had but little effect on the markets. Venders of the prime necessaries, as well as of the precious luxuries of life, do not seem to be conscious of the rapid depreciation of what they have been accustomed to urge as the only reliable commercial standard. They consequently continue to exact of their forbearing customers currency prices for their flour, bread, butter, beef, coffee, sugar, milk, muslin, &c., in many instances, quite up to the highest war figures. A hint from their patrons would doubtless aid in their enlightenment, and help to bring about an equitable adjustment of value.

LIEUT. GOV. BROSS, of Illinois, according to the Pittsburg *Gazette*, was born and educated a Pennsylvanian. The home of his nativity and youth was on the banks of the Delaware river, in the God forsaken county of Pike, where rattlesnakes and democrats are equally venomous. He mastered the "art preservatives of arts," in the office of the Milford *Herald*, the organ of the Pike county democracy. How he managed to escape contamination, or incurring it, managed to be regenerated, we do not know. But this is certain; a good thing did come out of Nazareth. He is a "genuine and typical" Pennsylvanian.

VALLANDIGHAM is out in abuse of President Johnson, asserting that his (the President's) Democracy was never of the pure kind, and that the Democratic party has nothing to expect from a recreant. Vallandigham would be untrue to himself if he indulged in generous sentiment or feeling for a patriot.

☞Senator Bigham, of Allegheny county, is about offering a joint resolution in the Senate, appropriating a certain sum of money for the purchase of a painting to be placed in the capitol, and representing one or more of the thrilling scenes in the battle of Gettysburg. Our State is sadly in want of paintings representing battles and also important occurrences in which the sons of Pennsylvania have participated.

☞The following is a list of the Pennsylvania soldiers (paroled prisoners) who were lost at sea last April, in the steamship General Lyon: M. Robbins, 11th Pa.; W. Williams, 142d Pa; C. Cox, 191st P.; J. Winbress, 2d Pa.; H. Ely, 7th Pa. Reserves; F. Pa.; G. [illegible] Pa.; D. McDonel, 10th Pa.; J. Johnson, 18th Pa. Cav.; J. Gales, 101st Pa; A. Cochrane, 190th Pa; A. Norman, 2d Pa.; J. M. Bradley, 5th Pa. Cavalry.

THERE seems to be a general desire, as it is indicated by the tone of the press, that the Legislature pass more stringent laws to regulate the sale of liquors. All portions of the State are cursed with intemperance, and measures of reform are loudly demanded.

AN exciting scene occurred at Wheeling, Va., on Friday, a woman having attacked and attempted to kill her seducer. The affair was partially settled by a compromise—the seducer giving his victim one hundred dollars in money, writings for an annual compensation and a vague promise of marriage.

IN the recent libel suit against the New York *Sunday Mercury* Judge Jones, of that city, who tried the case, ruled in effect that a newspaper could not be held responsible for publishing *ex-parte* testimony given before a grand jury or a committing magistrate.

GEN. SHERMAN, it is said, has declared in favor of negro suffrage, as the only means of keeping in check disloyalty, particularly in the part of the Union now within his command. The General is no politician, and if he has reached such a conclusion, it is from the disinterested observation of a soldier.

THE health of the President of the United States is excellent, and his working powers have never been in better order. Notwithstanding the immense pressure on his time and attention, President Johnson allows little which legitimately needs his consideration to be considered and disposed of by any of his subordinates.

EDWARD B. KETCHUM, the quondam Wall street financier and forger, has been put to work in a cobbler's shop in Sing Sing. He displays considerable awkwardness in mending men's soles, which, considering his past life, is not to be wondered at.

PETITIONS are said to be circulating in Canada to the British Government, asking for a separation from England, with a view to annexation to the United States or the establishment of an independent government.

TAXING BROKERS.—The bill which passed the Legislature last winter, requiring brokers to pay fifty dollars license and three per cent. into the State Treasury, but which was subsequently vetoed by the Governor, is again before the Senate.

☞Hon. John Sherman has been re-elected United States Senator from Ohio.

PITTSBURG MARKET.

TUESDAY, January 23d, 1866.

APPLES—The receipts for some time have been light. This has increased the demand and enhanced the value. The sales for some time back were confined to lots of 10 to 25 barrels. Inferior, spotted, sold at various prices, while a strictly prime article was held at $5 00a3 00.

POTATOES—The demand is improving under a falling off in receipts. Sales 125 bushels Peachblows at $1 18a1 20 per bushel, and 50 bbls do at $3 00 per bbl.

EGGS—Were dull; holders were generally asking 33c; buyers were shy at these figures. The supply exceeds the demand; 28c may be considered a fair quotation.

BUTTER.—Price nominal; sales of 500 lbs and 12 bbls at 25c; others at 28a30.

FLOUR.—Extra Family, from winter wheat, $10 00, 10 25a10 50. Extra—Sales were made at $8 00, 8 25a8 50, as per quality.

SORGHUM MOLASSES—The market was not active. It was sold at 75c.

BACON—Shoulders—6,000 lbs. at 15½c; Sides—8,000 lbs. Ribbed at 19½c, and 2,600 lbs. Sugar-cured Hams at 25a25½.

GRAIN—The market was not very active, the demand being local. Oats seemed to be most inquired for. Sales 2 cars, bulk, at depot, at 45c; 300 bush do. at same figures. Corn—sales 1 car Ear at 75c.

Dr. D. Stanton,
NEW BRIGHTON, PA.
OFFICE IN WM. KENNEDY'S BLOCK.
[jany24,'66:1y.

John B. Young,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BEAVER, PA.
OFFICE in the building occupied by the late Hon. THOMAS CUNNINGHAM.—Legal business of all kinds promptly attended to in Beaver and adjacent counties.
jan24'66—10t

Dissolution of Partnership.
THE partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of Noble & Hamilton, Druggists, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by their successors, Hamilton and Anderson. D. S. NOBLE.
Jan 22,'66. L. M. HAMILTON.
In retiring from the business, I tender my thanks to those who have so liberally patronized us heretofore and cheerfully recommend to the same Messrs. Hamilton and Anderson. D. S. NOBLE.

Notice in Partiton.
IN the Orphans' Court, in and for the county of Beaver, and State of Pennsylvania. In the matter of the partition of the real estate of Rachel Hazen, dec'd. To the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, to wit: Mary Brown, Susannah Woods, Ann intermarried with John Trover, Elizabeth intermarried with Eber Wickham; said Elizabeth being dead, but leaving children; Bimmel and Susannah Wickham, and Sylvania intermarried with William Trover, and all others interested, Greeting: You and each of you are hereby notified to be and appear before the Hon Judges of said Court, on the third Monday of March next, to accept or refuse the real estate of said dec'd., at the valuation put upon it by an inquest, duly awarded and returned by the Sheriff to November Term 1865, and found to contain 16 acres, valued at twenty-six dollars and thirty-three cents per acre, and in the event of non-acceptance, to shew cause why the same should not be sold.
jan24,'66. JOS. LEDLIE, Sh'ff.

LOOK HERE!
READ THE PRICES, AND THEN GO TO
GEALY'S
NEW MILLINERY,
TRIMMING
AND SHOE EMPORIUM,
Corner of Bridge and Market streets, Bridgewater,
AND EXAMINE THE GOODS!

BONNETS,
LATEST STYLES.

Silk bonnets	worth	$8,50	selling at	$6,00
do	do	10,00	"	8,00
do	do	12,00	"	9,50
Velvet bonnets	do	12,00	"	9,00
do	do	15 00	"	10,50
do	do	18 00	"	12,50
do	do	20,00	"	15,00
Mourning bon'ts	do	10,00	"	6,50
Full cresss bon'ts	do	11,00	"	7,75

Balmorals.

Balmorals,	worth	$3,75,	selling at	$2,75
do	do	4,00	"	3,00
do	do	4,50	"	3,75
do	do	5,00	"	4,00

HOOPED SKIRTS IN PROPORTION.
TRIMMINGS, ALL KINDS, VERY CHEAP.

Hosiery & Gloves,
Old Ladies Caps, Head Dresses, Netts, Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches, Plumes, Ornaments, Embroideries, all kinds, Fancy and Mourning Collars, Hoods, Nubias, Sontags, Zephyr Knit Shawls, Talmas, &c., Corsets, Fine Baskets.
Men's Under Shirts and Drawers, only one dollar.

SHOES.
A large lot, and selling at LESS THAN COST.
☞Wishing to close out my entire Winter stock, these goods have all been marked down VERY LOW.
MILLINERY.
Millinery work of all kinds, to order, CHEAP.
Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and making on short notice.
☞Cloaking Cloths of all kinds always on hand. Machine stitching to orde.
☞Remember the place—room formerly occupied by MRS. REES' (opposite the store of A. C. Hurst), Bridgewater.
WATT GEALY.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
THE undersigned has this day taken into co-partnership, CHARLES C. TOWNSEND and EDWARD P. TOWNSEND. The style of the firm
W. P. TOWNSEND & CO.
will be continued. W. P. TOWNSEND.
PITTSBURGH, Jan. 1st '66. [Jan. 17-6

STRAY COW.—Strayed from the premises of the subscriber, in Rochester, on Wednesday, 3d of January, a dark red cow, about 9 years old. A liberal reward will be paid for her delivery at my house, in said borough.
jan10'66.—3t FREDERICK YAGER.

Straw Wanted.
SHADD, WALLACE & CO., of the Bridgewater Glass Works, want to contract with some one to furnish them with from fifty to sixty tons of straw annually. Persons desiring to contract, will apply immediately at their Works in Bridgewater, Beaver county.
jan10'66.

OIL TERRITORY FOR SALE.
SITUATED on Little Beaver creek, near ISLAND RUN, known as the FISHER FARM. It is laid off in lots of ONE ACRE each, and will be sold on reasonable terms, by addressing M. M. MARQUIS, Darlington, Beaver county, or calling on him at Darlington Boarding House, near Island Run.
jan10'66—4t

Dividend No. 16.
NATIONAL BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY, New Brighton, Jan. 3, 1866.
THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. upon its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last 6 months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives on demand—free of government tax.
By order of the Board:
EDW'D. HOOPS, Cashier.

STILES & SHALLENBERGER,
DEALERS IN
CHOICE GROCERIES,
AND QUEENSWARE,
Bridgewater.
☞Country produce wanted [jan10-6m

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
LETTERS testamentary on the estate of JACOB CONNER, late of Brighton township, Beaver County, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
ISAAC MORGAN, Executor.
jan10'66. Brighton tp.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
LETTERS of administration on the estate of HORATIO N. KENNEDY, late of Chippewa, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.
SAM'L. MAGAW, Administrator.
jan10'66. New Brighton.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS OF PHILLIPSBURG & ROCHESTER STEAM FERRY COMPANY.—At a meeting of Stockholders held at Phillipsburg, December 26, 1865, it was unanimously resolved that there be an assesment made on each share of the Capital Stock of Seventeen dollars, for the purpose of paying off the debt of the Company for building, &c., payable forthwith to H. W. Cimmiotti, Pittsburg; George C. Speyerer and Chas. B. Hurst, Rochester, or Capt. John M. Shroades or Jacob Strawaker, Phillipsburg. [jan10'66.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.
IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY: No. 4, Sept. T, 1865.
Elizabeth Boyle,
by her next friend,
Wm. Lanning, } Libel in Divorce.
vs.
Christopher C. Boyle.
To Christopher C. Boyle, the above named respondent: You are hereby notified to be and appear at the next term of said court, to be held at Beaver, on the third Monday of March, 1866, then and there to answer the complaint of the libellant, and to show cause, if any you have, why her prayer for divorce, a vinculo matrimonii, should not be granted.
JOS. LEDLIE, Sheriff.
Beaver, Jan. 9th, 1866.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.
IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY, No. 29, Sept. T, 1865.
John W. Filson }
vs } Libel in Divorce.
Margaret Filson. }
To Margaret Filson, the above named respondent: You are hereby notified to be and appear at the next term of said court, to be held at Beaver, on the third Monday of March, 1866, then and there to answer the complaint of the libellant, and show cause, if any you have, why his prayer for divorce, a vinculo matrimonii, should not be granted.
JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sheriff.
Beaver, Jan. 9th, 1866.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT
Of The National Bank of Beaver County.
NEW BRIGHTON, Jan. 2d, 1866.

ASSETS.	
Loans and discounts	$102,065 75
U. S. Bonds and Securities	170,000 00
Furniture and office fixtures	1,538 00
Real Estate	1,500 00
Expenses and taxes	2,272 01
Due by banks	4,629 70
Coin	2,671 00
Legal Tender & other bank notes	54,759 00
	$340,065 66

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock	$150,000 00
National circulation	86,484 00
Circulation B'k Beaver Co	225 00
Contingent fund	4,310 00
Dividends unpaid	1,205 07
Depositors	85,123 76
Discount, exchange & int'st	12,717 81
	$340,065,64

I certify that the above statement is true and correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS, Cash'r.
Affirmed and subscribed before me, this 2d day of January, A. D. 1866.
(Signed: ELI RENO, Ass't Ass'r.

Groceries.
Prepared Mince Meat—very nice;
Sweet Cider;
New Currants;
Raisins—Matt and Layer;
Citron and Lemon Peel;
Spices of all kinds;
Shaker Dried Corn;
Cranberries;
Choice Dried Peaches;
Fresh Prunes;
Pickles in Vinegar;
Canned Vegetables and Fruits;
MALTBY'S BALTIMORE OYSTERS.
And a full assortment of Groceries for sale by STILES & SHALLENBERGER.

SKATES!
LADIES',
GENTS, and
CHILDREN'S SKATES
For sale at CHAMBERLIN & WINANS' Hardware Store, New Brighton. [dec18'65

THE BEAVER ARGUS

January 24th, 1866.

LOCAL and MISCELLANEOUS.

GREAT

CLOSING OUT SALE

OF

Furs! Furs!! Furs!!!

AT

F. A. Fortune's Cheap Store,

IN THE DIAMOND, ROCHESTER, PA.

Our Entire Stock will be sold at less than cost.

☞We received a communication on "The People's Bank" from a friend, but too late for publication. Also a letter from our Nashville correspondent. Both will appear next week.

☞A clerk in a mercantile establishment writes to a friend at home: "I have a nice time of it now-a-days—very little work to do —*firm don't advertise.*"

DROWNED.—A son of James Craven, of New Brighton, aged six years fell into the Beaver river, near that place, on Saturday, 13th inst., floated under the ice and drowned before he could be rescued. The body was recovered.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mr. William McConahy, of Moravia, Lawrence county, while purchasing a ticket at Moravia Station on Monday of last week, fell dead. Aplopiexy is supposed to be the cause.

JUMPED FROM A WINDOW AND BROKE HIS LEG. —A few days ago a soldier was found in the engine house, New Brighton, in a suffering condition. He was taken to the Keystone House and comfortably provided for, but the same night, while in a state of delerium, he jumped out of a window and broke his leg. Amputation was found necessary to save his life.—*Local.*

REVENUE TAX.—By the terms of the 83d section of the revenue law, the taxes on manufactures and products are to be paid within ten days from the 20th day of each month, and for the failure the tax-payer is liable to a penalty of ten per centum on the amount of the tax. The Commissioner has decided that this penalty must be collected in all cases when a tax-payer has become liable therefor, as the collector has no discretion in the matter.

☞We are glad to notice that Dr. D. Stanton has returned to his home in New Brighton, and resumed the practice of his profession.—He was one of the first Surgeons appointed from this county in the army of 1861, and was the last to return, having served throughout the entire war with great credit in all the various departments and responsible stations to which he was assigned. He is an educated physician of acknowledged ability, and an accomplished gentleman. His success in New Brighton is beyond doubt.

OIL MATTERS.—The oil fever has attacked the citizens along Six Mile run—a stream that empties into the Ohio river six miles below Beaver. A company has been organized, a large tract of land has been leased, an engine ordered, and in two weeks boring is to be commenced upon the farm of Jesse M'Gaffic, on the run, about three miles above its mouth. The company is officered as follows; President, Jesse McGaffick; Secretary, John G. Hunter; Treasurer, John Hineman; Managers, James Russell, jr., Wm. C. Hunter and John Engle. —*Local.*

☞Mrs.—Rachel Minis, wife of David Minis, Esq., of this place, died on Saturday morning last, after a short illness. She has been an invalid for years, but within a few days before her death the disease from which she had so long suffered assumed a more dangerous type, and hastened her death. After a long and useful life, marked throughout with the possession of those characteristics and exercise of those virtues that adorn female character and place the possessor high in the estimation and affections of the the community in which she may reside, she calmly and peacefully waited the time of her departure. Retaining her consciousness to the last, the moment she ceased to recognize friends on earth she greeted friends in Heaven. We have never known any woman for whom a whole community entertained a greater respect. She was the mother of Dr. David Minis, known and lamented by most of our readers. Mother and son, alike pure and lavely in their lives, are gone. Father and daughter, compose all that remains of that broken and afflicted family. A whole community, in which they have long resided, join in their grief and sympathise with them in their bereavement.

☞Burglaries and robberies are becoming frequent. On Friday evening last the house of H. W. Seely, in Rochester, was entered, and also his store in another part of the borough. The dwelling of Dr. Chandler, of the same place, was entered the same evening, the burglars entering the sleeping room of the Dr. and an adjoining one occupied by his sons—The were believing it was their father, said nothing, but the father discovered it was burglars and called upon his sons to arrest them. They escaped however, carrying off some clothes and other valuables. We did not learn what loss Mr. Seely suffered.

On the same evening an Irishman, as he alleges, was knocked off the Railroad bridge at the mouth of Beaver river, and robbed.—He was found next morning senseless and almost dead. He was taken up and is now recovering. No arrests have been made, and we believe the perpetrators of these daring burglaries and robbery are not known. Something must be done to arrest the progress of crime, or it will soon be unsafe to go on the street at night, or possess anything of sufficient value to attract the attention of the desperate villains in our midst.

—Since the above was in type we learn from a gentleman of Rochester that the residences of John Conway and Mr. Marshall were also entered on the same night. The robbers unlocked the doors by means of an instrument inserted through the keyhole, caught the key and unlocked the door From the residence of Dr. Chandler they took five dress and overcoats, and from the store of Mr. Seely a small amount of scrip. They made a very hasty exit from the residence of Mr. Marshall and got nothing at Mr. Conway's for their trouble.

☞The notice of the *Local* on the seizure of five barrels of whisky on the property of George Teets in New Sewickly township, by the United States Assessor, which appeared two weeks since, came near getting the editor into trouble. Mr Teets was in town last week bent on prosecuting him for libel, but was dissuaded from so doing for the time. We made inquiry concerning the facts, and find Mr. Teets was grossly misrepresented. The whisky was purchased by him for a friend, and part of the money paid. Mr. Teets hauled it to his house to await the convenience of the party from whom he bought, and instead of hiding under a stack as alleged, rolled the barrels on the barn floor, where they remained exposed to the view of all who came on the premises. He told a number where he purchased the whisky, and for what purpose. As he had been assessed and the tax was paid, he was greatly surprised to learn the true state of the case, and at once delivered up the whisky. The Collector was so well assured of his entire innocence in the matter, that he at once discharged him and assured the commissioner that he was not to blame Mr. Teets is a good citizen, a loyal, law abiding, honorable man, and would never be caught in any such transactions as charged by the *Local*. How anxious some editors are to publish scandal.

☞Both volumes of Abbott's History of the War have just been issued by Henry Bill, publisher and are now in the hands of Agents, who are canvassing for subscribers. There are few people in this county, young or old, who are not familiar with the style and works of Mr. Abbott. His Napoleon was one of the most popular histories ever published in this country. His style is clear, graphic, peculiarly happy and interesting, which accounts for the immense sale of all the numerous works of this author. He is well adapted to write a history of the great Rebellion in this country, and his history will doubtless prove the most popular that will be offered to the public. It is recommended by such authors as Longfellow, Holmes and Prentice, and such statesmen as Lincoln, Hamlin, Colfax, Seymour, and such Generals as Sigel, Casey, Burnside, Pope and Clay. The agent, Wm. O. Titus, is now canvassing this county, and will call upon the people generally. Everybody wants a good history of the Rebellion, and everybody will be charmed with Rev. J. C. Abbott. It contains over eleven hundred pages, and well illustrated.

Meeting of Wool Growers.

It will be seen from the following that an important movement has been inaugurated by the wool growers, and that a meeting, preliminary to a State organization, will be held in Pittsburg, on the 8th of February.

WOOL GROWERS' CONVENTION.—At a convention of Washington County Wool Growers, held in this place on the 4th inst., the undersigned were appointed to call a State Convention, to organize a Pennsylvania State Wool Growers' Association. After due conference, we hereby invite delegates and representative men from every county in the State, to meet in the city of Pittsburg, at Hare's Hotel, on Thursday the 8th of February next, at 11 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose above specified. If there is time, and the convention is so inclined, there will be a discussion on the comparative merits of different breeds of sheep, and other topics appropriate to the occasion.

F. JULIAS LE MOYNE.
ASA MANCHESTER.
JOHN A. EWING
SAML. MCFARLAND.
WILLIAM GABBY.
Committee.

Washington, Pa., Jan 18, '66

NATIONAL BANK OF BEAVER CO.—An election was held at the Banking House in New Brighton, on the 9th inst., and the following persons elected Directors for the ensuing year:—John Minor, John Stiles, Thomas McCreery, James Duncan, George S. Barker, R. E. Hoops, Milton Townsend, Mattison Darragh and William Henry. The Board met on the 17th inst. and organized by electing John Minor President, Edward Hoops Cashier, Henry Hoops Book-keeper, and Frank Minor Teller. This is one of the best managed and best officered Banks in the Commonwealth. The re-election of the old officers and directors insures its future success.

FIRE AT TITUSVILLE.—The Academy at Titusville was destroyed on the morning of the 10th inst., by fire. It was valued at $10,000 or $12,000, and was uninsured. It was used as a Union School House for all the schools of the place, and by its destruction the tuition of about 200 pupils is suspended for the present. A subscription has been started towards the erection of a new building.

☞Mr. Albert G. Henry, formerly of this place, and a few years ago one of the editors of the *Argus*, has became associated with S. P. Huston of the Kittanning *Republican*, and is now one of the editors of that paper. We congratulate Mr. Henry on the improved appearance of the *Republican* since his connection with it.

☞The February number of "Our Young Folks," published by Tickner and Fields, has been received. It is the best Magazine for young folks ever published in this country, and altho' but a year old is already immensely popular. It has an able corps of editors, and is deserving of the success it has attained.

☞Mrs. Grinder, the poisoner, was hung in Pittsburg on last Friday.—Previous to her execution she made a confession as to the poisoning of Mrs. Carothers and Miss Buchanan. The last scene in the drama is thus described in the Pittsburg papers:

At precisely fifteen minutes past one o'clock, Sheriff Stewart, accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Cluley, proceeded to the cell of the doomed woman, and on entering Mrs. Grinder remarked, "Are you coming for me." The Sheriff replied "Yes Mrs. Grinder." She calmly arose and said, "Jesus Christ is coming for me too."—The Sheriff then pinioned her arms, and the funeral procession moved slowly down stairs, the Sheriff in advance, followed by the condemned, and supported on her right by the Reverend Holmes and on the left by Reverend Sinsabaugh. Following were Doctor A. G. McCandless, Thomas M. Marshall, Esq., and Deputy Sheriff Cluley. The procession then moved slowly to the prison yard, and Mrs. Grinder, with a firm step, mounted to the platform of the dread instrument of death, and took a seat in a chair on the trap door. After a short prayer by the Rev. Holmes, that gentleman bid her farewell, when she requested him to stay by her. She then bid farewell to Mr Sinsabaugh, Mr. Marshall, Dr. M'Candless and Deputy Cluley. The Sheriff advanced and requested her to arise, and binding her clothing about her feet, bid her a final good by, to which she replied: "I am going to Heaven and hope to meet you there." He then adjusted the rope, placed the cap in its place, and descending the scaffold, sprung the trigger, and at twenty minutes past one the trap fell and the soul of Mrs. Grinder was launched into eternity.

☞During the storm on Saturday morning one of the tall chimneys on the Court House was blown down, and the sheet iron roofing on the Commissioners' office was partly blown off. Other chimneys throughout the town were treated in a similar manner.

☞A BILL has been offered in the House at Harrisburg, for the prevention of clandestine marriages It makes any judge, mayor, alderman, justice of the peace, clergyman, notary public, or other person who *wilfully* performs the marriage ceremony between any persons under twenty one years of age, liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company is replacing its wooden bridges with iron structures, along the entire line. In a short time there will not be a wooden bridge on the road.

MARRIED:

On the 18th inst., at the residence of Dr. M'Millin, near New Brighton by the Rev. James M. Shields, Mr. SAMUEL DAVIDSON, and Miss ELIZA J. M'MILLIN, both of Bridgewater, Pa.

DIED:

On the 22d inst., Mrs. MATILDA, wife of Christian Barnes, and daughter of Thomas Moore, Esq., of Industry township, aged about 36 years.

On the 12th inst. in Borough township, CHARLIE G., son of Christian and Jane Molter; aged 11 months and 28 days.

CHAS. B HURST

Banker and Broker,

AND DEALER IN

Real Estate, Stocks, Government Bonds, and other Securities.,

INSURANCE & CLAIM AGENT,

Conveyancer & General Agent.

THE subscriber having opened an office at Rochester, (in the room lately occupied by F. A. Fortune) respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public in general.

Particular attention given to the adjustment of Officers' accounts, and ALL claims arising out of the present war, such as *Pensions, Patents, Bounties, Arrears of Pay, Prize Money, &c., &c.*

Being agent for the Ætna Insurance Co. of Hartford, Ct., the North America of Philadelphia, and the Manufacturers' & Merchants' of Pittsburg, I will issue policies in either of the companies named.

Farms, houses and lots for sale.

Shares in the oil lands of the celebrated Isl and Run region for sale, where every well has proved a success. Also shares in wells producing or under way, and leases.

I will also sell my residence in Rochester, beautifully situated, and within a few minutes walk of the Ohio river and Railway stations. Terms liberal.

Deeds drawn up and acknowledged.

Fire risks taken in first class Insurance Companies.

Revenue stamps always on hand.

Refers to Jos. A. Clarkey, Jos. Plummer, Wm. H. Smith & Co., Pittsburg.

CHAS. B. HURST.

Rochester, Nov. 29, '65

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order issued of the Orphans Court the county of Beaver, the undersigned Executor of the last will and testament of Matthew Elder, dec'd, late of Beaver county, will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Saturday, Jan. 27th, 1866.

at 1 p. m., the following described piece of parcel of land, situate in Darlington tp., Beaver county, bounded on the west by land of Wm. Harvey Knight, on the north by land of Selah Chamberlin, on the east by other lands of said Testater, and on the south by the tail race of the Woolen Manufactory or other lands of said Testator; containing about 150 acres, more or less, about 80 acres cleared and underlaid with a good vein of coal; on which is erected a hewed log barn, with frame sheds; fruit trees on the premises. The farm is well watered, and public schools, mills and churches convenient; about four miles from Darlington.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on the confirmation of the sale by the court, balance in two equal, annual payments, from the date of the confirmation of the sale by the Court; back payments to be secured by bond and mortgage.

For further particulars inquire of the undersigned at Elder's Mills, Beaver co., Pa.

REUBEN WATT,
Exr. Matthew Elder, dec'd.

dec27'65

RAILROADS.

PITTS. FT. W. & C. R. R.

On and after Nov. 19, 1865, Trains will leave Stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows: (Train leaving Chicago at 5.50 P. M. leaves daily.)

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Pittsburg	250AM	700AM	145PM	245PM
Rochester	400 "	880 "	805 "	425 "
N. Brighton	..... "	848 "	815 "	435 "
Enon	442 "	935 "	408 "	522 "
Columbiana	517 "	1017 "	447 "	600 "
Salem	540 "	1048 "	515 "	630 "
Alliance	635 "	1150 "	615 "	730 "
Canton	705 "	1242PM	703 "	820 "
Massillon	730 "	102 "	730 "	850 "
Orrville	802 "	145 "	810 "	926 "
Wooster	830 "	222 "	845 "	957 "
Loudonville	922 "	328 "	945 "	1056 "
Mansfield	1010 "	425 "	1035 "	1145 "
Crestline Ar	1045 "	500 "	1110 "	1215AM
Crestline De	1115 "	540AM	700AM	1255 "
Bucyrus	1145 "	710 "	733 "	125 "
U. Sandusky	1224PM	750 "	823 "	207 "
Forest	1255 "	825 "	857 "	240 "
Lima	218 "	943 "	1020 "	402 "
Delphos	258 "	1025 "	1102 "	436 "
Van Wert	324 "	1100 "	1139 "	505 "
Fort Wayne	500 "	1235PM	145PM	645 "
Columbia	545 "	122 "	226 "	728 "
Huntsville	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Pierceton	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Warsaw	639 "	215 "	333 "	820 "
Bourbon	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Plymouth	741 "	322 "	440 "	920 "
Wanatah	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Valparaiso	922 "	458 "	630 "	1052 "
Hobart	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Clarke	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Ill C. RR. Cros	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
R Isl. RR J'n	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Chicago	1120 "	700 "	840 "	1250PM

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's	Ex p's	Exp's.
Chicago	440AM	620AM	650PM	1020PM
R. Isl. RR. June	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Ill C. RR Cros	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Clarke	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Hobart	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Valparaso	650 "	805 "	741 "	1243 "
Wanatah	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Plymouth	844 "	940 "	940 "	225 "
Bourbon	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Warsaw	1002 "	1038 "	1035 "	337 "
Pierceton	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Huntsville	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Columbia	1101 "	1125 "	1123 "	432 "
Fort Wayne	1235PM	1230PM	1225AM	555 "
Van Wert	211 "	143 "	146 "	721 "
Delphos	253 "	214 "	214 "	756 "
Lima	335 "	247 "	245 "	830 "
Forest	415 "	357 "	407 "	950 "
U Sandusky	525 "	425 "	440 "	1023 "
Bucyrus	609 "	503 "	526 "	1112 "
Crestline Ar	640 "	530 "	600 "	1145 "
Crestline De	750AM	600 "	640 "	1245PM
Mansfield	819 "	633 "	715 "	118 "
Loudonville	922 "	718 "	800 "	204 "
Wooster	1025 "	811 "	850 "	255 "
Orrville	1100 "	838 "	920 "	323 "
Massillon	1145 "	914 "	956 "	359 "
Canton	1205PM	932 "	1017 "	420 "
Alliance	120 "	1020 "	1130 "	525 "
Salem	200 "	1055 "	1205PM	600 "
Columbiana	230 "	1117 "	1231 "	620 "
Enon	320 "	1152 "	112 "	655 "
N. Brighton	410 "	1225AM	148 "	735 "
Rochester	430 "	1240 "	200 "	750 "
Pittsburgh	600 "	150 "	310 "	900 "

For New Castle and Erie, 6.40 a. m. Accommodation trains leave Allegheny for New Brighton—9.00 a. m; 11.50 a. m; 2.05 p. m; 4.20 p. m; 5.40 p. m. For Economy, 10.30 p. m. For New Castle, Greenville and Jamestown, Pa, 3.50 p. m.

F. R. MYERS, Gen. Ticket Ag't.

CLEVE. & PITTS. RR.

On and after Dec. 11, 1865, trains will leave stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Exp's	Mail.	Accom
Cleveland	800AM	225PM	.....	340PM
Euclid street	811 "	236 "	.....	353 "
Hudson	915 "	333 "	.....	500 "
Akron	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Orrville	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Millersburg	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Ravenna	950 "	405 "	.....	536 "
Alliance	1049 "	453 "	.....	635 "
Bayard	1125 "	520 "	.....	..... "
Wellsville	1255PM	655 "	.....	..... "

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Accom	Exp's.
Wellsville	840AM	515PM	.....	.....
Bayard	1012 "	653 "	.....	.....
Alliance	1100 "	728 "	630AM	.....
Ravenna	1150 "	817 "	723 "	.....
Millersburg	..... "	..... "	..... "	.....
Orrville	..... "	..... "	..... "	.....
Akron	..... "	..... "	..... "	.....
Hudson	1227PM	851 "	800 "	.....
Euclid street	132 "	940 "	916 "	.....
Cleveland	145 "	1000 "	930 "	.....

GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Belaire	1040AM	600AM	405PM	.....
Bridgeport	1050 "	615 "	415 "	.....
Lagrange	1139 "	711 "	510 "	.....
Steubenville	1158PM	733 "	528 "	.....
Wellsville	115 "	840 "	715 "	710AM
Smith's Ferry	137 "	905 "	.....	755 "
Beaver	207 "	940 "	.....	835 "
Rochester	215 "	1000 "	815AM	850 "
Pittsburgh	330 "	1115 "	930 "	1000 "

GOING WEST.

	Exps.	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Pittsburgh	230PM	535PM	600AM	350PM
Rochester	340 "	620 "	715 "	510 "
Beaver	..... "	..... "	723 "	525 "
Smith's Ferry	426 "	..... "	755 "	605 "
Wellsville	520 "	720 "	830 "	645 "
Steubenville	626 "	810 "	940 "	.....
Lagrange	643 "	838 "	1000 "	.....
Bridgeport	737 "	930 "	1105 "	.....
Bellaire	750 "	940 "	1120 "	.....

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves		Arrives	
N. Philadelphia	7.10 a m	Bayard	9.50 p m.
Bayard	11.4 a m,	N. Philade	2.20 P M

F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned, Guardian of the minor children of James Moore, late of Freedom borough, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, dec'd., will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

MONDAY, February 12th, 1866,

at ten o'clock, A. M., the following described lot of ground, situated in Freedom borough, Beaver county, being No. 112, in Vicary's extension to the borough of Freedom, bounded on the north by Spring alley, on the east by Lot No. 111, on the south by Pleasant street, on the west by first street; on which is erected a good frame house and out buildings.

TERMS:—One third of the purchase money to be paid upon confirmation of sale by the Court; the balance in two equal, annual payments, with interest from the same time, the deferred installments to be secured by bond and mortgage.

JOHN DOUDS,
Guardian.

jan10'65

PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

FOR 1866.

The Size and Standing of the Commercial.

The Commercial is the largest paper in the State, having been twice enlarged within the last eighteen months. No paper in the State gives so much, and there are few in the country that give an equal amount of reading matter. In this respect, and for its general character and tone, it ranks among the leading journals of the country.

OUR PUBLISHING FACILITIES.

Determined to spare neither labor nor expense, our publishing facilities have been increased within the last few months, at an outlay of *Two and-a-Five Thousand Dollars*, placing us for some time to come beyond the reach of competition.

Extraordinary Success of the Commercial.

Although but just entering on its third year, the Commercial has already an unequalled circulation and influence throughout a wide and constantly extending district of country, embracing Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Ohio, while throughout all the west, and in the eastern cities, its circulation is by no means inconsiderable and rapidly growing.

Character and Aims of the Commercial.

Not strictly partizan, nor devoted to any peculiar ideas, the Commercial goes before the public on its merits, asking only just so much favor and patronage as it deserves, and its success can be said to be little less than extraordinary. Although in the future, as in the past, the Commercial will, in a special manner, be devoted to the interests of Pittsburg, it will continue to be Pennsylvania and Union paper, promoting the interests of labor, intelligence, and public and private virtue with whatever influence it can command or power it it can exert. Rising above mere party aims and influences, chained to no one idea, the organ of no sect or party, but believing in Freedom and Progress, and devoted only to truth, the Commercial will treat all public questions and express its views of public men in an independent and liberal spirit. To the present National Administration and the Union cause it will give a hearty tho' not servile support.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Few journals in the country spend so much money in obtaining the latest and most reliable intelligence as the Commercial. In a single item of telegraphing alone it paid during the last year on an average about *One Thousand Dollars a Month*—or more in one month, probably, than was paid by any other Pittsburg paper for the entire year.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS.

We have also at the principal seats of interest, special correspondents, keeping a watchful eye on whatever is of interest or value to the public. No paper in the State has so large a corps of correspondents, and it gives us pleasure to be able to say that we are continually adding to the number writers of experience and ability.

OIL INTELLIGENCE.

By common consent, the Commercial is the standard journal of the country with Petroleum dealers and operators everywhere. In this respect it has no competitor, and the facilities for obtaining this kind of information we are constantly extending.

OUR WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

Through a Special Dispatch Bureau, maintained at a large expense, our Washington reports are as full and reliable as any, and are in no respect excelled by those of even the Metropolitan press. At this hour of great questions, these facilities are necessary to supply the demand of the public for news from the National Capital.

MARKET REPORTS.

The Daily Reports of the Commercial of the Pittsburgh, all the leading Domestic and the Foreign Markets, are prepared by competent and experienced Reporters, and their widespread popularity attest their value. The amount of matter in this Department of the Commercial alone, frequently exceeds the entire reading pages of some of our cotemporaries.

THE FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

This Department is in the hands of a gentleman of experience and acknowledged ability, and his reports have at all times a special value.

The Local Department.

This Department of the Commercial is not excelled. To test the truth of this, take the local page of any of our neighbors, cut from it all that is not strictly local—letters from abroad and essays on abstract subjects, such as we classify properly on other pages, and exclude what no respectable paper should print—and then compare the remainder with our local page, which does not belie its name.

Editorial and General News.

With a corps of writers of acknowledged ability and experience, these departments of the Commercial compare favorably with the leading journals of the country—and we have only to say that nothing will be omitted that is necessary to maintain for our paper in these and all other respects this standing.

In short, in every department, and as a whole, the Commercial is a

Sound, Comprehensive and Reliable Newspaper.

Whatever is offensive to a cultivated moral taste is scrupulously excluded from its column; and our constant aim is to publish nothing that does not serve some valuable purpose.—A peculiar feature of the COMMERCIAL is

"THE PULPIT,"

In which Department is given, every Saturday, a sermon furnished expressly for it.

The reading specially prepared under the head of

FARM GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD

Constitute another peculiar feature of great value.

THE DAILY COMMERCIAL

Is published at the following rates:

ONE YEAR	$10 00
HALF YEAR	5 00
QUARTER YEAR	2 50
PER WEEK, BY CARRIER	25

WEEKLY COMMERCIAL.

The weekly issue of the COMMERCIAL is not surpassed either in the amount or kind of matter given. It is made up expressly for the country reader,—it is filled with choice reading, the news, the market reports, general intelligence, Poetry, besides

A Sermon Every Week.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY

Single copy, one year	$2 00
In Clubs of Twenty	1 50
In Clubs of Ten	1 75

To the getter-up of a Club the paper will be sent gratis.

Address

COMMERCIAL,
No. 76 Fifth street, Pittsburg.

ATTENTION!

I HAVE constantly on hand a supply of the Putnam (Iron Frame) Clothes Wringer, and would call attention to the Manufacturer's advertisement for the Universal Clothes Wringer, W. G. Wolf, Agent. Mr. W. having removed from the State and transferred his machines to me, I will keep a constant supply

Also, constantly on hand, Crude oil by the barrel and crude oil burners.

oc25 JOS. M'CLURE, Ag't. Beaver.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

FRESH BALTIMORE SEA-SHORE OYSTERS received day, and for sale at

oct15m] PETER ANGEL'S, Bridgewater.

AT

MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER

May be found the best assortment of

DRUGS,

Medicines;

CHEMICALS

PURE

LIQUORS, WINES

And Brandies,

Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS;

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES.

PATENT MEDICINES

in great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills 75 cents per Box; Cheeseman's, $1; Clark's, $1.

The Largest stock of

Lamps and Lamp Trimmings. Lanterns, Stationery, Window Glass and Putty.

ever offered outside of the city, at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else. Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more

Dec13,'65. J. MOORE.

C. K. CHAMBERLIN..... S. WINANS.

CHAMBERLIN & WINANS,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, NAILS, GLASS,

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS,

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

MASONS' TOOLS,

SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,

SADDLERS' TOOLS,

PLASTERERS' TOOLS,

MINERS' TOOLS.

SADDLERY HARDWARE

BENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,

LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,

PICKS MATTOCKS & HOES,

COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

HORSE SHOES & NAILS,

TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUTS,

CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS.

AGENTS FOR

EXCELSIOR MOWER AND REAPER, AND NEW BRIGHTON FIRE-BRICK WORKS.

Dec6,'65.

DRY GOODS

FURS,

CLOAKS & SHAWLS!

CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP!!!

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO THE CITY

The best assortment of

Ladies', Misses & Children's Furs

ever offered this side of New York.

CLOAKS & SHAWLS,

An excellent stock, and very cheap.

Also, a good assortment of

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, &c.

These good were all bought direct from the Manufacturers, by the case, bale and package, which enables us to sell at very low prices.

The attention of wholesale and retail buyers is directed to our stock.

☞Give us a call and be convinced.

DUNLAP, LUKER & CO.,

136 Federal st., 4 doors below Market-house,

dec6:6m] ALLEGHENY CITY.

COAL!

I AM prepared to deliver Coal of the best quality on shortest notice. Orders left at I. N Atkins' Clothing Store, Beaver, Stiles & Shallenberger's Grocery, Bridgewater, S. J. Cross & Co.'s Dry Good Store, Rochester, will receive prompt attention.

dec20'65—3m. WM. PORTER.

FOR WATCHES, FINE JEWELRY, &c., go to Lizenbrink's, Rochester.

POSITIVE SALE

OF NEW DRY GOODS,

AT

F. A. FORTUNE'S,

IN ROCHESTER.

One case Good Dark Prints, Only 20 cents.

One case best Dark Prints, Only 25 cents.

One case 3-4 Bleached Muslins, Only 30 cents.

One bale of Unbleached Muslins, Only 30 cents.

These Goods are the Greatest Bargains of the Season.

20 pieces all wool barred miners' Flannels, only 50 cents.

50 pieces barred country Flannels, only 75 cts.

4-4 feather Ticking, only 60 cents.

Best 4-4 bleached Muslin, 40 cents.

20 pieces 5-4 Wool Delaines, all colors, only $1,30; worth $1,87.

20 pieces best double twilled Merinos, all colors, only $1,50; worth $2.

Boys' Shoes, only 50 cents;
Boys' Heavy Brogans, $1,00;
Boys' Heavy Winter Boots, only $1,50;
Men's Hats, from $1,25 upward.

MILLINERY GOODS,
BREAKFAST SHAWLS,
NOTIONS,
NUBIAS,
SONTAGS,
HOODS, &c,

Very Cheap.

SHAWLS,
BLANKETS,
PANT STUFFS, and
DOMESTICS,

Lower than can be had elsewhere.

GOOD UNION CASIMERS

FOR WINTER WEAR,

Only 45 cents.

We do not wish to advertise worthless goods or articles calculated to deceive the readers of the ARGUS, and when we say these goods are better and cheaper than can be had elsewhere, we mean it; and being thankful for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed, we solicit a continuance of the same, at our large and well arranged Room in the Diamond.

Come and see for yourselves, before purchasing.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

All Goods warranted New and Fresh.

2,000 remnants at only 25 cents per yard

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

F. A. Fortune's

CELEBRATED

DRY GOODS,

SHOE, AND

NOTION STORE,

NEXT DOOR TO POST-OFFICE.

ROCHESTER, PA.

THE best Paint, Scrub, and Shoe Brushes of all qualities and kinds to be had at Moore's Drug Store, corner of Third street and Bank Alley, Beaver, Pa.

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER

And Other

Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *independent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. To make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotten up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to.

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12 Beaver Co. Pa.

LOSSES PAID IN 46 YEARS

OVER

$17,000,000.

ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY

HARTFORD, Ct.

NET ASSETS, JAN., 1865,

$3,677,362,71

FIRE AND INLAND

Navigation Risks.

☞ Agencies in all the principal Cities and Towns in the United States.

Applications for Insurance will be promptly attended to.

CHAS. COALE, Agent.
dec6'65—3mos New Brighton.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Thos. Cunningham, late of boro' of Beaver, Beaver co. dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH C. WILSON,
nov29'65. Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the state of James Ferguson, late of Pulaski tp., Beaver county, Pa, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

EDWARD HOOPS,
nov8 JAS. C. FERGUSON, } Ex'rs.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of Aaron Hood, late of Greene township, Beaver county, Penna., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

GIBSON HOOD, Adm'r.,
nov16'65 Greene tp.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

LETTERS Testamentary on the estate of John Tees, dec'd., late of New Sewickly twp., Beaver county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CHRISTINA C. TEETS, Ex'rx.
nov1'0 New Sewickly tp.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Samuel M'Connell, late of South Beaver township, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement

PETER CROWL, Adm'r.
dec20'65. South Beaver tp.

TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE property owned and formerly occupied by Capt. Charles W. May, on Market St., consisting of one good two story frame house and a one story house, two lots, with an excellent well of water that never fails, is offered for sale. Persons desiring to purchase desirable property, had better call soon on Capt. John May, who is authorized to sell the same!
Dec6,'65

Valuable Property For Sale.

I OFFER for sale the house in which I now reside, and three lots belonging to the same. The house is a good two story frame, containing six rooms, with a coal house and wash house attached. A good stable on the lots. For terms, &c., apply to me at my residence, Beaver, Pa. JOHN MAY.

BIOKRENE OR LIFE-REJUVENATOR.

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK! YOUTH TO THE AGED!

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilarates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

Biokrene

Cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui. It has a most *delightful, desirable and novel* effect upon the nervous system; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who, by imprudence, have lost their *natural vigor*, will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

Biokrene.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Dispairing, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weakness of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief to Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One dollar per Bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold by Druggist generally.

Sent by express anywhere by addressing
HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, *Proprietors*,
81 Cedar Street, New York.

☞ Sold at Marquis' Drug store, Rochester, one door below Post Office, and wholesale and retail by Dr. Smith, Bridgewater Beaver county. [nov23:

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Will immediately relieve, without pain, all disturbances of the periodic discharge, whether arising from relaxation or suppression.—They act like a charm in removing the pains that accompany difficult or immoderate menstruation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Flushes, Sick Headache, Pains in the Loins, Back and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other unpleasant and dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fluor Albus*, or Whites, they effect speedy cure.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Have been used OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY. They are offered as the only safe means of renewing interrupted menstruation, but Ladies must bear in mind that there is *one condition* of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a *peculiar result*. The condition referred to is *pregnancy*—the result, *miscarriage*. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it. *They cannot do harm* in any other way.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Are the *only medicine* that *married and single ladies* have relied upon for many years, or can rely upon now. *Beware of imitations!* These Pills form the *Finest Preparation ever put forward*, with *immediate and persistent success*.—DON'T BE DECEIVED. Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you *want the best and most reliable Female Medicine in the world*, which is comprised in

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills!!

They have received, and are now receiving the sanction of the most *eminent* Physicians in America.

Explicit Directions with each Box—the price, One Dollar per box, containing from 50 to 60 pills.

Pills, sent *by mail, promptly*, by remitting the price to the Proprietors, or any authorized Agent, in current funds. *Sold by Druggists generally.*

HUTCHINGS & HILLIER, *Proprietors*,
81 Cedar street, New York.

☞ Sold Wholesale and Retail by Dr. S. Smith, Bridgewater; Dr. Marquis and J. H. Hannen, Rochester; John Moore, Beaver, and by all Druggists at New Brighton. [nov23:1y

New Barber-Shop!

SHAVING HAIR-CUTTING, SHAMPOOING, &c.

JOHN R. WILLIAMS having just returned from the army, where he has served for almost three years, wishes to inform his former customers and the public generally, that he has opened his shop in the north end of the MARKET HOUSE, BRIDGEWATER, where he will carry on in his former good and fashionable style. By close attention to business, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. Those wishing a clean, smooth shave, or hair cut in a fashionable style, just stop in and give John a trial, and he feels satisfied that he can please them. [dec13:2m

A. C. BARLOW, M. D.,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

HAVING permanently located in BEAVER tenders his professional services to the citizens of Beaver and adjoining villages and country. Having had, twenty years experience (over four years as an army Surgeon) he feels competent to command the confidence those who may wish his services.

Calls, day or night, promptly attended

☞ Office in the National Hotel building where he may be found at all hours, day or night, when not professionally engaged.

sep20'65

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of admiuistration on the estate of Charles M. Kelin, late of Borough twp., Beaver co., dec'd., having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN KELIN, Admr.,
dec18'65 New Brighton.

FOR WATCHES, FINE JEWELRY, &C., go to Linsenbrink's, Rochester.

AT

CHAMBERLIN'S DRUG STORE

IN ROCHESTER,

Can be found a full assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS, and

FINE LIQUORS;

Also, a full Assortment of

WINDOW GLASS,

PAINTS,

LINSEED OIL,

NEAT'S FOOT OIL,

SPERM OIL,

LARD OIL,

AND

PURE AND SECOND QUALITY

WHITE LEAD;

ALSO, FINE TOILET SOAPS,

ALL VARIETIES BRUSHES,

THE BEST PERFUMERY,

FANCY & TOILET ARTICLES,

AND POPULAR PREPARATIONS

FOR THE HAIR,

All of which is offered at low prices, notwithstanding late advances.

☞ Attention of Physicians is also called, whose prescriptions will be accurately compounded at all hours.

STORE IN THE DIAMOND,

Next door to Fortune's Dry Goods store.

GIVE ME A CALL, ONE AND ALL.

oct25:1y

Fall & Winter

DRY GOODS!

WHITE, ORR & CO.

NO. 25 FIFTH ST.

Invite the attention of buyers to their large assortment of

	DRESS GOODS,	
	SHAWLS,	
25	CLOAKS,	25
	CLOTHS,	
	CASSIMERES,	
	WHITE GOODS,	
	TABLE LINENS,	
	TOWELINGS,	
	SHIRTINGS,	
Fifth st,	FLANNELS,	Fifth st.
	BLANKETS,	

Which they are selling at reasonable prices.

WHITE, ORR & Co,

nox14t] 25 Fifth st., Pittsburg.

ITCH! ITCH!! ITCH!!!

Scratch! Scratch!! Scratch!!!

WHEATON'S OINTMENT

WILL CURE THE ITCH IN 48 HOURS.

ALSO cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all Druggists.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, Mass., it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States.

sept20'65—6mos.

J. M. Harton,

DENTIST.

OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS OF BEAVER AND VICINITY.

☞ Office on Third street, 2d do. r east of H. B. Anderson's store. [nov15:3m

C. A. DECARME

TOBACCONIST,

COR. DIAMOND & THIRD ST.

TOBACCO & SNUFF always on hand. Cigars manufactured and furnished to citizens at lowest prices. [my21:6m

SOME time ago a sum of money was found in the Rochester Depot, which, by describing property, can be had by calling at this office.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."

"The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY,

SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED.

Critical Notices of the Press.

"The best Family Paper published in the United States."—*New London Advertiser.*

"The Model Newspaper of our country—complete in all the departments of an American Family Paper. HARPER'S WEEKLY has earned for itself a right to its title, 'A JOURNAL OF CIVILIZATION.'"—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

"This Paper furnishes *the best illustrations*. Our future historians will enrich themselves out of Harper's Weekly long after writers and painters, and publishers are turned to dust."—*New York Evangelist.*

"A necessity in every household."—*Boston Transcript.*

"It is at once a leading political and historical annalist of the nation."—*Phila. Press.*

"The best of its class in America."—*Boston Traveller.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

1866.

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the Magazine and Weekly *promptly* to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the Office of Publication. Postmasters and others desirous of getting up Clubs will be supplied with a handsome pictorial Show-bill on application.

The postage on Harper's Weekly is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the *subscriber's* postoffice.

Terms:

Harper's Weekly one year..... $4 00

An Extra Copy of either the Weekly *or* Magazine *will be supplied gratis of every Club of* Five Subscribers *at* $3 00 *each, in one remittance; or Six Copies for* $20 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied, at any time.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 each. *A complete set*, comprising *Eight Volumes* sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., *freight at expense of purchaser.* Address

HARPER & BROTHERS,
Franklin Square, New York.

"Unquestionably the best, Sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Critical Notices of the Press.

It is the foremost Magazine of the day—The fireside never had a more delightful companion: nor the million a more enterprising friend, than Harper's Magazine.—*Methodist Protestant* (Baltimore).

The most popular Monthly in the World.—*New York Observer.*

We must refer in terms of eulogy to the high tone and varied excellent of Harper's Magazine—a journal with a monthly circulation of about 170,000 copies—in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest light and general reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence of the American People; and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each number contains fully 144 pages of reading matter, appropriately illustrated with good wood-cuts; and it combines in itself the racy monthly and the more philosophical quarterly, blended with the best features of the daily. It has great power in the dissemination of a love of pure literature.—Tribune's *Guide to American Literature and London.*

The volumes form a constituent of themselves a library of miscellaneous reading such as cannot be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice.—*Boston Courier.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS

1866.

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the Magazine and Weekly *promptly* to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the office of publication.

The postage on Harper's Magazine is 24 cents a year which must be paid at the *Subscriber's* post-office.

Terms:

Harper's Magazine, one year..... $4 00

An Extra copy of either the Magazine or Weekly will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each in one remittance, or Six Copies for $20 00.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete Set, now comprising Twenty-nine Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS,
Franklin Square, New York.

HEALY'S PATENT SELF-ACTING Wagon Brake.

THE subscriber will canvass Beaver county, in the order of Townships, to sell the right to use, make and vend,

Healy's Pt. Self-acting Wagon-Brake,

an invention perfect in every respect, for the use of all kinds of Wagons, Carriages and Buggies. It is a perfect regulation to every vehicle to which it is attached, acting alike prompt and certain under all circumstances, on all kinds of roads, by night as well as by day, with the greatest safety, ease and comfort to horse and passenger, without any attention whatever from the driver. I will sell individual rights to use this patent brake, or Township and Borough to Mechanics.

Beaver, Nov 2'65 C. LUDWICK.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF

REAL ESTATE,

THE Subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of Narcissa Jane Judy, deceased, offers for sale one hundred and seven (107) acres of land, situate in Brighton Tp., Beaver county, Pa., and lying within two and a half miles of the borough of Beaver. The farm is in a good state of cultivation, and well timbered and watered, bordering on the waters of Brady's Run. If not sold at private sale before the first of February, 1866, I will expose it to sale by public out-cry, at the Court House, on the first day of February, 1866, at one o'clock. Terms made known on day of sale.

J. C. WILSON,
D 6 '65 Ex'r of N. J. Judy, dec'd.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS, letters testamentary on the estate of Narcissa J. Judy, late of Brighton tp, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made, immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH C. WILSON, Ex'r,
dec18, Beaver.

COAL!

I WILL deliver to the citizens of Rochester, Bridgewater, Beaver and vicinity, a good quality of Coal, at the shortest notice. Wagons can at any time, be supplied at the Bank, at Kisley's run, adjoining the bank of Wm. Porter, Esq. J. C. MOLTER,
nov8 Bridgewater.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM AT WM. REICH'S,

BRIDGEWATER.

FOR FALL & WINTER CLOTHING

I have just received a new stock of the

LATEST STYLES

Of Overcoatings,
Cassimeres for Business Suits,
And a general assortment of Vestings.

All kinds of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

Constantly on hand,

Such as Undershirts,
Drawers, etc.,
Linen and Woolen Overshirts,
Collars,
Neck ties,

And too many other articles to mention.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In all the latest styles and at shortest notice.

Wm. REICH,

Stewart's Row, Bridge Street,

oct1'65 BRIDGEWATER.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

THE PLACE TO GET THEM!

Cheap and Durable.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL.

LOUIS F. WEINMAN.

MANUFACTURER of and Retail Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Bridge street,

BRIDGEWATER.

He keeps an excellent supply of ready-made work constantly on hand.

Boots and shoes made to order on shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

He has good workmen, and can't be excelled by any other establishment in West. Pa.

Men, women and children will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

For the best and cheapest article go to
LOUIS F. WEINMAN,
oct11'65 Bridge st., Bridgewater.

FRUIT TREES &c., &c.

APPLE,

PEAR,

PEACH,

GRAPE VINES,

STRAWBERRY PLANTS,

And SMALL FRUITS,

NURSERY STOCK

In great variety from the Nursery of

T. L. SHIELDS & CO.
Sharpsburg, Allegheny co., Pa.

SMITH'S FERRY AND LITTLE BEAVER PETROLEUM COMPANY.

CAPITAL STOCK..... $80,000.

80,000 Shares of Par Value of..... $1,00 each.

WORKING CAPITAL..... $13,000.

AT a meeting of the stockholders of the above company, held at their office in the borough of Rochester, April 29th, 1865, the following persons were elected its officers for the ensuing year.

PRESIDENT:
MATTISON DARRAGH.

TREASURER & SECRETARY:
CHARLES B. HURST.

DIRECTORS:

Mattison Darragh,	Silo R. Adams,
Charles Stone,	Alfred C. Hurst,
James Darragh,	John Bigger,
Levi Brenneman,	Robt. A. Cochran,
Charles E. Kendall.	

A limited number of shares of Stock of the above Company may be had by application at the office of the company.

Office in the Diamond, Rochester, Pa.
my3:6m CHAS. B. HURST, Sec'y.

VARIETIES,

TOYS AND BOOKS,

AT

B. MULHEIM'S

BRIDGE ST., BRIDGEWATER.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he is now receiving NEW GOODS in the line of all the various TOYS and VARIETY GOODS for the Fall and COMING HOLIDAYS. Having purchased in the Eastern cities at low prices, he can sell cheaper than any house in Pittsburg.

In connection with his collection of Variety Goods, he keeps Stationery of all kinds, Oil Cloths of all patterns, School Books of all descriptions and prices, Albums, Looking Glasses, Blank Books of all sizes, Day Books, Ledgers, Pens, Pencils, in short everything usually kept in a Variety store. [nov27:1y

BEAVER SEMINARY AND MUSICAL INSTITUTE.

Rev. R. T. TAYLOR, A. M., President.

THE Terms open respectively Sept. 12, '65, January 2, and April 5, 1866.

Every opportunity for instruction in any branch of science or on any musical instrument; also vocal music, private or in classes, is afforded here at reasonable rates.

Lads received in the Primary Department; also small girls of any degree of proficiency.

Drawing and painting of every style will receive the special attention of a first-class artist.

Tuition: $5,50, $8,50, and $12,50 according to department.

None but thoroughly qualified and experienced Teachers are employed in any department. For further information address

aug2'65. R. T. TAYLOR, President.

Wines and Liquors, Wholesale.

Groceries at Retail or by Package.

FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c

At Peter Angel's, Bridgewater.

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LETTERS of administration on the estate of Col. James O. Anderson, late of the Boro' of Beaver, Beaver co., Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HUGH ANDERSON, Adm'r.,
nov15'65 Beaver.

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